April 2, 1772 NUMB. 2258.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA.

An ACT *for opening, and better amending, and keeping in Repair, the public Roads and Highways within this Province.*

WHEREAS an Act of General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "An Act for opening, and better amending, and keeping in Repair, the public Roads and Highways within this Province," paſſed in the Fifth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, is nearly expired; and whereas the Laws for keeping in Repair the Roads and Highways that would thereupon come in Force again, have been found burthenſome and unequal upon many of the Inhabitants of this Province, and inſufficient to anſwer the good Purpoſes thereby intended, inaſmuch as no Proviſion is made for ſupplying the Overſeers and Inhabitants working thereon with Timber, and other Materials, neceſſary for making effectual Repairs on the ſaid Roads; for remedying whereof, Be it enacted by the Honourable RICHARD PENN, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN, and JOHN PENN, Eſquires, true and abſolute Proprietaries of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Freeholders, and others, qualified to chooſe Members of Aſſembly, of every Townſhip, ſhall meet together on the third *Saturday* in the Month of *March* yearly, and every Year, during the Continuance of this Act, and then and there, by Tickets in Writing, between the Hours of Three and of Six in the Afternoon, chooſe one or two diſcreet and reputable Freeholders or Inhabitants, within their reſpective Townſhips, to be Supervifors of the Highways; which ſaid Supervifors, when choſen, and returned in Writing, under the Hands of the Supervifors of the public Roads of the reſpective Townſhips, into the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Seſſions of the reſpective Counties, which they are hereby enjoined to do, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* yearly, ſhall be the Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways for the enſuing Year; and if any Supervifor or Supervifors ſo elected, or otherwiſe appointed, by Virtue of this Act, ſhall refuſe or neglect to take upon him or themſelves the ſaid Office, for every ſuch Refuſal or Neglect, he or they ſhall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding *Ten Pounds*, to be applied towards amending and repairing the ſaid Roads.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways of the reſpective Townſhips, within the ſeveral Counties of this Province, ſhall, at leaſt five Days before the third *Saturday* in *March* yearly, and every Year, during the Continuance of this Act, give public Notice in Writing, by affixing the ſame in the moſt public Places in their reſpective Townſhips, of the Place where the Inhabitants and Freeholders of the ſeveral Townſhips ſhall meet, to elect Supervifors for each and every of the ſaid Townſhips, according to the Directions of this Act; which Place, ſo appointed for the ſaid Election, ſhall be as near the Center of the reſpective Townſhips as conveniently may be.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways within the reſpective Townſhips of this Province, lawfully choſen, to make or lay a Rate or Rates in any one Year, not exceeding *Nine-Pence* in the *Pound*, on the clear yearly Value of all Iron-works, Mills, Houſes, Lands, and other the real, as well as perſonal Eſtates, within their reſpective Townſhips, (Tracts of Land unlocated, unſeated, or unimproved, and Proprietary Quitrents, only excepted) to be employed for the opening, clearing, amending and repairing, the ſeveral public Roads and Highways within their reſpective Townſhips, in ſuch manner as by this Act is directed and appointed.

Provided nevertheleſs, that the ſaid Rate or Aſſeſſment ſhall be laid according to the beſt of their Skill and Judgment, and as near as may be, agreeable to the then laſt County Aſſeſſment, in Purſuance of the Act, intituled, "An Act for raiſing County Rates and Levies," having due Regard to every Man's Eſtate within the reſpective Townſhip in which he is aſſeſſed, without Favour or Affection to any Perſon whomſoever. Provided alſo, that ſingle Men ſhall not be chargeable by the Head in ſuch Aſſeſſment as in the Caſe of County Rates and Levies. And whereas divers of the public Roads within this Province, are laid out on the Diviſion Line of two Townſhips, and frequent Diſputes have ariſen between the Supervifors of the ſaid Townſhips reſpecting the Repairing of the ſaid Roads, whereby they often remain unrepaired; for Remedy whereof, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Roads ſhall be repaired at the equal and joint Expence of the ſaid Townſhips, and in caſe the Supervifor or Supervifors of one of the ſaid Townſhips ſhall neglect or refuſe to join with the Supervifor or Supervifors of the other Townſhip, in opening, amending or repairing any ſuch Road, or any public Road which ſhall hereafter be laid out on ſuch Townſhip Line, ſuch Supervifor or Supervifors, ſo neglecting or refuſing, ſhall be liable to the ſame Pains and Penalties, as if he or they had neglected or refuſed to open, amend or repair, any public Road within his or their reſpective Townſhip; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the Supervifor or Supervifors of the other Townſhip, and he or they are hereby required to open, amend and repair the ſaid Roads, and to charge the ſaid Supervifor or Supervifors, ſo refuſing or neglecting, with one Moiety of the Monies expended on ſuch Roads, and to recover the ſame by Action of Debt, to be brought againſt ſuch Supervifor or Supervifors ſo refuſing or neglecting.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Supervifor or Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways, ſo as aforeſaid choſen, ſhall refuſe or neglect to take upon him or themſelves the ſaid Office, or ſhall die or remove out of the Townſhip, for which he or they ſhall be choſen; or if the Freeholders and Inhabitants of any Townſhip ſhall neglect or refuſe to elect or chooſe Supervifors, as is herein before directed and appointed, or where any Townſhip ſhall have no Supervifor reſiding in it, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for three or more Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective Counties, and they are hereby enjoined and required to appoint another Supervifor or Supervifors, in the Room and Stead of every ſuch Supervifor or Supervifors ſo refuſing, dying, or removing as aforeſaid; and likewiſe to appoint Supervifors for ſuch Townſhips, as have neglected or refuſed to chooſe Supervifors for their reſpective Townſhips, in the Manner herein directed and appointed; which ſaid Supervifor or Supervifors, ſo appointed, ſhall have the ſame Powers and Authorities, and ſhall be liable to the ſame Penalties as the Supervifors ſo elected and choſen by each reſpective Townſhip, in Purſuance of the Directions of this Act, and that all and every ſuch Supervifor and Supervifors, elected or appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive for his or their Trouble, in collecting the ſeveral Sums of Money to be raiſed as aforeſaid, *Twelve-Pence* in every *Pound* by him or them collected, and *Four Shillings per Diem*, for each Day he or they ſhall attend in overſeeing, employing and directing the Workmen upon the public Roads and Highways within their Townſhip.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, and it is hereby declared, That where any Supervifor or Supervifors have been legally choſen or appointed, by Virtue of any Law heretofore made for repairing the Highways, they, and each of them, ſhall be deemed and taken as Supervifors of the Highways for the Townſhips in which they reſide reſpectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-two, as fully and amply, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if they, and each of them, had been choſen or appointed by Virtue of this Act, and ſhall account in the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Penalties, as the Supervifors of the Highways, to be choſen and appointed by Virtue of this Act, are directed to account; and if any Money ſhall have come to their, or any of their Hands, and ſhall not have been expended before the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of *March*, the ſame ſhall be paid over into the Hands of the Supervifor of the Townſhip where it was aſſeſſed and raiſed, to be applied towards maintaining the Highways in the ſaid Townſhip.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Supervifors, before they proceed to the collecting of the ſaid Rate, ſhall procure the ſame to be allowed by at leaſt two Juſtices of the Peace of the County wherein the ſaid Tax is laid; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſo rated or aſſeſſed, ſhall refuſe to pay the Sum or Sums on him or them charged, and ſhall not enter his or their Appeal at the next General Court of Quarter Seſſions, that then it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Supervifor or Supervifors (having firſt obtained a Warrant, under the Hand and Seal of one Juſtice of the Peace of the County, who is hereby impowered and required to grant ſuch Warrant) to levy the ſame on the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon or Perſons ſo refuſing. And in caſe ſuch Perſon ſhall not, within three Days next after ſuch Diſtreſs made, pay the Sum or Sums on him or her aſſeſſed, together with the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs, that then the ſaid Supervifor or Supervifors may proceed to the Sale of the Goods diſtrained, rendering to the Owner the Overplus, if any, that ſhall remain on ſuch Sale, reaſonable Charges being firſt deducted. Provided nevertheleſs, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall find him, her or themſelves aggrieved with ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment, it ſhall be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, at their next General Quarter Seſſions, upon the Petition of the Party, to take ſuch Order therein, as to them ſhall be thought expedient, and the ſame ſhall conclude and bind all Parties; and the Supervifor or Supervifors, in caſe of ſuch Appeal, ſhall forbear making Diſtreſs, until the ſame be determined in the Quarter Seſſions, in the Manner herein before directed and appointed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Tenant or Tenants, or other Perſons, reſiding on, or having the Care of Lands of Perſons not reſiding in the County, his, her or their Goods and Chattels, ſhall be liable to be diſtrained in Manner aforeſaid, for the Payment of the ſaid Tax.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Tenant ſhall, before the paſſing this Act, have taken, on a Leaſe, for one or more Years, any Lands or Tenements, and ſhall pay the ſaid Rate hereby impoſed on the ſaid Lands or Tenements ſo leaſed, or ſhall have his or her Goods and Chattels diſtrained for the ſame, in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Tenant or Tenants, or other Perſons aforeſaid, to deduct the Tax ſo paid out of the Rent due, or to become due, or for the Tenant or Tenants, or other Perſons aforeſaid, to recover the ſame from the Owner or Owners by Action of Debt, together with Coſts of Suit; provided that nothing herein contained, ſhall make void or alter any Contract heretofore made between any Landlord and Tenant, reſpecting the Payment of the Road Tax, or any Uſage or Cuſtom, in reſpect to the Tenant's paying the ſaid Tax now ſubſiſting between Landlord and Tenant.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways of the ſeveral Townſhips ſhall, and they are hereby required and enjoined, as often as the ſaid ſeveral Roads and Highways, within their reſpective Townſhip, ſhall be out of Repair, or as often as any new Road ſhall be laid out, and directed to be opened by lawful Authority, to hire and employ a ſufficient Number of Labourers to work upon, open, amend, clear and repair the ſame, in the moſt effectual Manner, and to purchaſe Wood, and all other Materials, neceſſary for that Purpoſe, and to overſee the ſaid Labourers, and take Care that the ſaid Roads and Highways be effectually opened, cleared, amended and repaired, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. And in order to enable the ſaid Supervifors the more effectually to diſcharge their Duty, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Supervifors aforeſaid, or any other Perſon or Perſons, by his or their Order and Direction, to enter upon any Lands adjoining to, or lying near the public Roads and Highways within their reſpective Townſhips, and to cut or open ſuch Drains or Ditches thro' the ſame, as he or they ſhall judge neceſſary, compleatly to carry off and drain the Water from ſuch Roads, provided the ſame be done with as little Injury and Damage as may be to the Owner of ſuch Lands, which Drains and Ditches, ſo cut and opened, ſhall be kept open by the ſaid Supervifors, if neceſſary, for amending the ſaid Road, and ſhall not be ſtopt or filled up, by the Owner or Owners thereof, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds* for every ſuch Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Supervifors ſhall have full Power and Authority in any Ground or Lands adjoining the ſaid public Roads and Highways, within their reſpective Townſhips, to dig, or cauſe to be dug, any Gravel, Sand or Stones, or to gather any looſe Stones, lying on the ſaid Lands, or cut down any Wood or Trees, growing in any Piece or Parcel of Wood-land adjoining the ſaid Roads, as he or they ſhall think neceſſary for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, provided the ſame be done with as little Damage as may be to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Land, and the ſame Sand, Gravel, Stones or Wood, ſo dug, gathered and cut, to carry off, without the Lett, Hinderance or Controul of the Owner, he, the ſaid Supervifor, paying or tendering to the ſaid Owner, ſo much Purchaſe Money as they ſhall agree the ſame to be worth; and if the ſaid Supervifor and Owner cannot agree upon the Price of the Materials ſo wanted, for repairing the Roads as aforeſaid, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſo much Money ſhall be paid by the ſaid Supervifors reſpectively, as any two indifferent Freeholders of the Townſhip where ſuch public Roads and Highways do lie, to be choſen by the Parties, ſhall eſtimate and adjudge to be the Value of the Materials, ſo wanted for repairing the ſaid Roads, in their reſpective Townſhips, as aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon working on the Highways, or being with them, ſhall aſk any Money, Drink, or any other Reward whatſoever, or ſhall, by any Contrivance, Way or Means whatſoever, extort, or endeavour to extort, any Money or other Thing, of or from any Perſon, paſſing or travelling, upon the ſaid public Roads or Highways, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, pay to the Supervifor or Supervifors of the ſaid Townſhip, the Sum of *Three Shillings*, to be recovered by the ſaid Supervifors reſpectively, in a ſummary Way, before any Juſtice of the Peace, and applied for and towards repairing the ſaid Roads; and in caſe any Supervifor ſhall connive at any Perſon's aſking and demanding any Reward from any Traveller as aforeſaid, or ſhall himſelf extort, or endeavour to extort, any Money, or other Thing, from any Traveller as aforeſaid, every ſuch Supervifor ſhall forfeit and pay, for each Offence, the Sum of *Twenty Shillings*, to be recovered by any Perſon whatſoever in Manner aforeſaid, one Half to the Uſe of the Proſecutor, and the other Half to and for the Service of the ſaid Roads.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Supervifor or Supervifors of the public Roads and Highways within this Province, who ſhall refuſe or neglect to do and perform his or their Duty, as directed by this Act (not otherwiſe particularly provided for) ſhall be fined, and ſhall pay the Sum of *Three Pounds* for every ſuch Offence, to be recovered in a ſummary Way, before any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, and to be applied towards repairing the public Roads and Highways within their reſpective townſhips, where ſuch Fines and Penalties are incurred.

Provided always, That if any ſuch Supervifor or Supervifors, ſhall conceive himſelf or themſelves aggrieved by the Judgement of ſuch Juſtice, he may appeal to the next County Court of Quarter Seſſions, who ſhall, on the Petition of the Party, take ſuch Order therein as to them ſhall appear juſt and reaſonable, and the ſame ſhall be concluſive on all Parties.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at the Time and Place for chooſing a Supervifor or Supervifors for each Townſhip reſpectively as aforeſaid, the Electors ſhall, and are hereby enjoined yearly, and every Year, to chooſe, by Tickets in Writing, four capable and diſcreet Freeholders or Inhabitants, qualified to elect as aforeſaid, to ſettle and adjuſt the Accounts of the Supervifor or Supervifors, whoſe Offices ſhall be then about to expire, and the Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall have ſerved the Office of Supervifor or Supervifors, for the preceding Year, ſhall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* yearly, or within Six Days after, make up and produce fair and clear Accounts, of all ſuch Sums of Money by him or them expended on the Highways, and of all Sums of Money by him or them received by Virtue of any Aſſeſſment, or otherwiſe, and of all Fines and Penalties due from themſelves and others, which have come to their Hands; which Accounts ſhall be entered, in a Book to be provided for that Purpoſe, and ſhall be atteſted on Oath or Affirmation, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, before any Juſtice of the Peace, if the ſaid Freeholders or Inhabitants, or any three of them, ſhall require the ſame, and the ſaid Freeholders or Inhabitants, ſo choſen to ſettle the Accounts aforeſaid, or any three of them, ſhall have full Power to adjuſt, and ſettle ſuch Accounts ſo produced to them as aforeſaid, and to allow of ſuch Charges and Sums only as they ſhall think to be juſt and reaſonable; and if there ſhall appear to be any Money, remaining in the Hands of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have ſerved as Supervifor or Supervifors as aforeſaid, they ſhall, by order in Writing, ſigned by them, or any three of them, direct the ſame to be paid to the ſucceeding Supervifor or Supervifors; but in caſe ſuch Perſons ſhall be found to be in Advance for Monies expended, and ſhall have carefully collected the Sums of Money aſſeſſed and impoſed by Virtue of this Act, then the ſaid Freeholders or Inhabitants, ſo choſen to ſettle the Accounts aforeſaid, or any three of them, ſhall, in like Manner, order the ſucceeding Supervifor or Supervifors to repay and reimburſe the ſame, as ſoon as a ſufficient Sum of Money ſhall have come to their Hands; and if any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall have ſerved the Office of Supervifor, ſhall neglect or refuſe to make up and produce fair and juſt Accounts, as aforeſaid, or having made up and produced ſuch Accounts, ſhall neglect or refuſe forthwith to pay the Monies which he or they ſhall be ordered as aforeſaid, or ſhall not deliver up the Book, wherein ſuch Accounts ſhall be entered, to their Succeſſors, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace, on Complaint to him made by the ſaid Freeholders or Inhabitants, ſo choſen to ſettle the Accounts aforeſaid, or any three of them, to commit ſuch Delinquent or Delinquents to the County Goal, until he or they comply as aforeſaid.

Provided always, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf aggrieved by the Settlement of his Accounts as aforeſaid, he may (having firſt paid over to his Succeſſor or Succeſſors the Balance found in his Hands) appeal to the next Court of Quarter Seſſions, who ſhall, on the Petition of the Party, take ſuch Order thereon, and give ſuch Relief, as to them ſhall ſeem juſt and reaſonable, and the ſame ſhall conclude and bind all Parties.

Provided alſo, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing done in Purſuance of this Act, he or they may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the ſpecial Matter, in Evidence for their Juſtification; and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor become Nonſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him in ſuch Action or Suit, the Defendant ſhall have treble Coſts, to be recovered as in Caſes where Coſts by Law are given to Defendants, and no ſuch Suit or Proſecution ſhall be maintained, unleſs it be commenced within Six Months after Cauſe given, or unleſs Security firſt be given for the Charges.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the Act of General Aſſembly of this Province, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King William the Third, intituled, "An Act for erecting Bridges, and maintaining Highways, as directs every Overſeer of the Highways to ſummon all the Inhabitants of his reſpective Precinct, as from Time to Time he ſhall ſee Occaſion, to come to ſuch Place or Places as he ſhould appoint, and ſo much of the ſaid Act as directs the Inhabitants ſo ſummoned to attend, and work upon the ſaid Highways, ſhall be, and are hereby repealed, and made void.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one other Act of General Aſſembly of this Province, entituled, "An additional Act for the better preſerving the Highways, paſſed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Ann*, and every Article, Clauſe and Thing, therein contained, ſhall be, and are hereby repealed, and made void.

[*For new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue in Force for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Sitting of Assembly, and no longer.

By the *PRISCILLA*, Captain *JONES*, arrived here from *Dunkirk*; and the January Packet, arrived at *New-York* from *Falmouth*, we have the following Advices.

PETERSBURGH, December 10.

LETTERS from Moscow of the 22d of last month say, that both the chiefs and the followers in the late revolt, to the number of 300, had received their sentences. Two of the number, having been convicted of the assassination of the Archbishop, were hanged, as were two others of sixty four of the culprits, who had cast lots for the same punishment. Sixty two more of them, after having received the knout, were branded, had their noses pierced, and were sent to the gallies for life. The punishment of the remainder was less rigorous.

Constantinople, Nov. 18. The inhabitants of this capital have been in the utmost consternation since the arrival of the two Tartars with the confirmation of the overthrow of the Grand Vizir's army, the defeat of Moegzoen Zade's corps, the retaking Giurgewo, and the total destruction of the fortresses upon the Danube, with the loss of all the artillery, magazines, ammunition, and provisions. These disasters are imputed in a great measure to the revolt of the janissaries, who, discontented, it is said, at the smallness of their pay, refused to fight, massacred their Aga and his Lieutenant, plundered the military chest (in which were five millions of pieces of eight) set fire to the camp, &c. and afterwards dispersed themselves to different quarters. The Grand Vizir perceiving that every thing was lost, took to flight, accompanied by sixty persons, and carried off with him the standard of Mahomet, which, otherwise, would infallibly have fallen into the hands of the enemy. In this critical juncture, the Porte, far from losing courage, continues to exert every nerve to extricate us from our distress. It is said that the Grand Vizir will be deposed, and that Moegzoen Zade will succeed him.

Warsaw, Dec. 11. The Count de Fleming, Palatine of Pomerelia, and Great Treasurer of Lithuania, died last night suddenly of an apoplexy, much regretted by the King and all true patriots. Notwithstanding the vigilance of the Polish and Russian troops, all kinds of violences are committed every day, so that it becomes more and more necessary to attend to the safety of the King: A reinforcement of 2000 Russian troops is arrived here for this purpose; and guards are placed at all the wells and fountains belonging to the Palace. In this situation his Majesty lately gave a great proof of his resolution: When the deputies from the Grand Duchy of Lithuania had their audience, he said to them, among other things, "Why should divine Providence, by his adorable power have preserved me when in so imminent danger, if for his own extraordinary purposes he had not some particular end in view." Among these deputies was Okierka. This good old man was so affected at the manner in which his Majesty received the news, and the horror of his late situation, that he fainted away, and died upon the spot.

Hague, Jan. 3. The last letters from Constantinople advise, that Mr. de St. Priest, the French Ambassador there, had received instructions from his Court, to endeavour to prevail with the Grand Signor to come to a reconciliation with Russia. This not a little surprises most people, as it is well known that it was through the instigation of the Court of France, that the Porte came to a rupture with Russia; but it is probable, that the French are apprehensive that the Court of Vienna may break with Russia and the King of Prussia; in which case France, in consequence of her alliance with the House of Austria, might be obliged to assist either with troops or money, which would not at all suit her in the present situation of affairs.

St. James's, Jan. 3. This day James Harris, jun. Esq; had the honour to kiss the King's hand, on being appointed his Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary to the Court of Berlin.

LONDON, *January* 4.

This day stocks rose one per cent.----William Whitehead, Esq; and poet Laureat, having, by order of the Ministry, told the public in his New Year's day ode, that their apprehensions of war were altogether ideal---and that the fleets and armies we have heard so much of, existed only in their imaginations---If this is the case, how grosly have we been abused by the Ministry, who have *certainly* expended four or five millions of money in equipping fancied fleets, and aerial armies.

It was yesterday reported, that some of our men of war on the African station had destroyed several works, which the French had erected on the coast.

On a modern calculation, founded on the last intelligence from India, it appears, the revenues will amount to considerably more than two millions and an half yearly.

There are letters by the Charming Polly, Capt. Hall, who is arrived in the river from Hamburgh, which say, that many of the principal Corsicans, who had taken refuge there after the French had seized their island, have had invitations from their countrymen, who inhabit the mountainous part of it, to come and join them, as they (being now very numerous) intend to make one bold push to regain their country, by driving the French out of it. The same letters say, that some of the Corsicans are preparing to leave that place.

Jan. 5. It is at last resolved on, that Lord Townsend is still to continue Viceroy of Ireland, as the sending over another, at so critical a time as this, may be productive of still more embarassment to government, from his being unacquainted with all the particulars that have lately been brought about in that kingdom. Another stronger reason for his continuance in office is, that it being a fixed point, Sir George M'Cartney should be the chief director of affairs there, it makes it of less consequence who the *nominal* Viceroy is.

Advice is received from Toulon, that three men of war, one of 60 guns, another of 74, and the other of 80, had been lately launched there; and that there are three more upon the stocks, almost ready to launch. The same advices say, that several Englishmen are employed in the dock-yards, and that they receive better encouragement there than in England.

We are assured that Lord North has declared his intention of laying a bill before Parliament to continue the prohibition on the exportation of corn, and that he will support it to the utmost of his power.

There have been three conferences this last week, between a Chief Justice, two puisne Judges, and three other eminent Lawyers; on which account it is supposed that some great changes in the posts of the Law are soon to take place, or that some material regulations in the practice of the Law itself are in agitation.

Lord Chief Justice de Grey has had some offers made him to resign, which is thought will be in favour of Mr. Thurloe, who is to be succeeded by Mr. Wedderburne.

Lord Townshend insists on being recalled.

A correspondent says, the long silence of Junius, after his promise to the Duke of Grafton, to frequently hold a public correspondence with him during the recess of Parliament, and the absence of Mr. E. B. at this time, either seems to plainly shew that Junius has expended all his charges, or that Mr. E. B. (being the author of Junius) is unavoidably necessitated, from his absence, to break through his voluntary engagement to the Duke and the public.

There is a report in the evirons of St. James's, that the Duke and Duchess of C-------- have received a pressing and affectionate invitation to the Court of Denmark, and that the highest umbrage has been taken here thereat. The Duchess of C---------- was of several private parties of the King of Denmark, on his tour to this kingdom, and was not a little noticed by that Monarch.

It is said that a very elegant new state coach is building for her Royal Highness the Duchess of C---------, on which her family arms will be impaled with those of England.

We are told that 25 Danish men of war are to act against the Algerines. It is a pity all Europe does not join in the punishment of these piratical states.

We hear, that the terms offered the D-----s of C--------d, to renounce her public title are, ten thousand pounds in money, and four thousand pounds a year jointure; the last being the same sum settled on the Countess of Waldegrave; both of which have been peremptorily refused.

On Thursday last the Hon. Mr. Fitzherbert, one of the Lords of the Treasury, after having taken an airing on horseback, took the opportunity of hanging himself in his stables.

The Council held at Lord North's on Thursday, is said to have been in order to counteract some powerful influence, now formed against the present Administration.

It is remarked, that this is the first winter since the present Parliament began, that the Earl of Bute has been known to remain in this kingdom.

Jan. 6. The treaty lately negotiating between our Court and that of Petersburgh, after a few alterations, and including Sweden, is at last finally concluded.

Sir George M'Cartney, who is very soon to come over from Ireland, will certainly be nominated Ambassador to Russia.

The public may be assured, that a plan for a *new Administration* lies now upon the table of the Cabinet Council.

They may be equally assured, that any change in Administration will not affect the following personages, viz. Lord North, Lord Sandwich, Lord Rochford, Lord Barrington, Lord Hillsborough, Baron Apsley; who are to keep their places.

The following are the offices, *at present*, talked of to be vacated:---Secretary for the Southern Department---Lord Lieutenant and Secretary of Ireland---Ambassador to Russia---and it is even whispered, that the President of the Council will be removed.

The Dukes of Northumberland and St. Albans *will be* in the new Administration: Lord Shelburne *will not*.

Lord Townshend will be in *the* Administration: Lord Chatham will *not*; Lord Camden will *not*---at least till Lord Mansfield retires.

The Duke of St. Albans is just sworn in a member of the Cabinet at Buckingham-house.

Baron Lenth will succeed Baron Behr as Prime Minister of the Electorate of Hanover.

It is very true, that M. F. went out of the world *in the English way*. This gentleman was once the bosom-friend of Mr. Wilkes, though he afterwards betrayed the patriot. Is it not strange, that almost all the principal persons who either persecuted or deserted Mr. Wilkes, have come to an *untimely end*.---Lord E---- shot himself; Lord H.---- himself; Mr. F. hanged himself. Wilkes is certainly *heaven-defended*.

Jan. 7. Notwithstanding every thing that has been said or insinuated to the contrary, we can assure the Public, upon the very best authority, that the Spanish Court hath, upon the late misunderstanding, made every reasonable concession that could be wished for or expected. To desire more, or to insult them farther, after they have given such undoubted proofs of their pacific disposition towards us, would ill become the high character for courage and generosity which the British nation so deservedly holds all over the known world.

A courier arrived late last night at St. James's from Paris with several packets; he waited about two hours for an answer, and then set out on his return.

Jan. 9. Tuesday some particular instructions were sent to his Excellency Lord Cathcart, his Majesty's Ambassador at the Court of Petersburgh, which passed the Great Seal on Monday evening; and we hear his Lordship will, at the same time, receive his letters of recal.

A Correspondent says, "All the reports of the Ministry being employed in ill offices against the D. of C. on account of his late marriage, are entirely without foundation. It is true a Great Personage has been somewhat chagrined (which he has shewn only by a silent dissatisfaction) but has neither taken himself, nor directed any steps to be taken by others, to distress, or even to render the new-married couple uneasy. And it is expected that a cordial reconciliation will soon take place."

All the Extra Messengers were yesterday ordered into attendance.

It was this day confidently reported that Lord Townshend is sent for over from Ireland.

Some expresses have lately arrived over land from Gibraltar, which bring an account, that the Spaniards, so far from refusing to supply the garrison with provisions, behave in the most amicable manner with the English.

Yesterday four vessels of 400 tons each were taken up in the River, by an Agent, for the service of the Empress of Russia, which, it is said, are to carry provisions from Ireland to the Russian ships, that are to winter at Gibraltar, Mahon, and Leghorn.

Jan. 11. A Wager of 500 guineas was laid yesterday by a Nobleman at Bodle's, that the present Ministry would not maintain their posts for six months.

On Wednesday last Commissions were sent down to Birmingham and Sheffield for goods to a very considerable amount, to be got ready for American exportation by April next.

By Captain *CHRYSTIE*, arrived in *Patuxent* from *London*, we have the following Intelligence.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 19.

WE are all here in the greatest consternation, on account of the great success of the Russians, who took advantage of the late revolt amongst our troops, and by that means got possession of our camp, with all our cannon. But as we since learn that they are retiring to their main army, our fears are now subsiding. The Divan has informed his Highness the Grand Signor, that the season is too far advanced to assemble a large army immediately, as it would be in vain to attempt to drive the Russians from any of their posts this winter. In the mean time, provisions grow every day more scarce, so that we have too much reason to fear a rising among the inhabitants.

Leyden, Jan. 2. The Russians have taken the Sieur Sokotowski Prisoner, together with the party of Confederates which he was at the head of.

LONDON, December 25.

Orders are given for one of the old second rates now at Chatham to be cut down, in order to be made a storeship, to carry stores to Falkland Island.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland is to keep Christmas at Windsor Lodge, in the old English solid way, being determined to keep open table for the country people, for 3 days, covered with surloins of roast beef, plumb puddings, and minced pies, the rich and antient food of Englishmen.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland bids fair for being the greatest patriot that ever was in England.

An express was yesterday received from the Earl of Grantham, at Madrid, which it is thought has brought some concessions from the Court of Spain, as a message and invitation were sent yesterday from the Premier to the Spanish Ambassador.

The leaders of opposition expect to have their cause greatly strengthened, by some intelligence relating to foreign affairs, expected to be brought home by Colonel Barre, who is now abroad on the scent.

The very high price that wheat and barley bears, can be no longer a wonder to the public, when they are informed, and from undoubted authority, that a certain distillery, near Limehouse, pays no less than sixty thousand pounds a year to the Excise.

Dec. 26. It is said that a suit is instituted against the executors of the late Lord Baltimore's will, for the recovery of 10,000 acres of land in Maryland, granted by the grandfather of the late Lord. This grant has never been claimed since the year 1740.

Letters by the last French mail say that Madam de Barre's influence over the Grand Monarque decreases, to the no small joy of several about the court.

Several of the most respectable gentlemen and merchants in North America are expected in town against the meeting of Parliament, on affairs of great importance to Great Britain and her colonies.

Mr. Wilkes calls the Rockingham administration *virtuous*. Where is the wonder? They gave him a pension, and would have given him a place. His creed is, that no man is virtuous that does not bleed freely for the support of his extravagance.

Private letters from France mention great fermentation there; the French East India company refuse to supply the King with any more money, the interest of the last loan having been very ill paid.

The great success of the Shelburne party in the city, against Mr. Wilkes and his abettors, it is imagined, will greatly facilitate the talked of coalition. They have, indeed, reduced Mr. Wilkes to such humble plight in the city, that he has not the sole nomination *even of a petty officer in Guildhall; which has so greatly affected that Gentleman's spirits, that he is gone to Bath for recreation, and left the command of his adherents in the hands of Reynolds.*

The city patriots having long declaimed on the power of expulsion exercised by the House of Commons, we shall now see how they themselves act in a similar case, and see whether they will tamely submit to the nomination of any man as a member of their body, merely because Mr. Wilkes declares he will return him.

A letter from Leghorn says, that the Grand Signor had levied contributions on all the rich inhabitants in Constantinople, the Janizaries excepted, so quickly have his immense treasures been reduced by the calamitous war with Russia.

Dec. 27. *We are informed that our Ministry have a plan in agitation for making a settlement upon that side of the Island of Madagascar, opposite to which the French have fixed a garrison.*

Four large transport ships are now lying at Cork, for the embarkation of troops to North-America.

Dec. 28. *It is confidently asserted, that a remonstrance will shortly be sent to the States-General, demanding an immediate settlement of the affairs relating to Surrinam, which have been so long procrastinated, thro' the pusillanimity of Administration, to the eternal disgrace of the British Annals.*

We are informed that a Rear Admiral will next Spring have the Command of a Squadron composed from the Guardships at Plymouth, Portsmouth, &c. which will be ordered to cruise in the Mediterranean, and other Seas, for the Purpose of exercising the Officers and Men.

Advices received from Algiers say, that they are busy in fixing up a Boom and Chain for the Defence of the Harbour, being apprehensive of a Bombardment.

It is said orders have been given to proper persons to seize all vessels belonging to Spain, which shall for the future put into the several ports of this kingdom.

Some very interesting advices were yesterday received at the Earl of Rochford's Office, from Lord Harcourt at Paris.

It is strongly reported, that the Earl of Shelburne will shortly come again into Administration, in consequence of a resignation which is to be made for that purpose.

We hear that the present appearance of tranquility in the political world is not owing to a certainty of the continuation of peace, or to the season of the year, but a determination that the Ministry have come to, to keep the train of their negociations an absolute secret, till matters are finally concluded either for war or peace.

Dec. 31. *An authentic letter from the borders of the Weser, arrived by the last Dutch mail, abruptly mentions, "That affairs in the north and east were come to the highest crisis; that the disorders in Poland were daily increasing, and foreboded the most dreadful consequences; that the King of Prussia had laid all thoughts aside of making some very beneficial regulations for his own subjects, his time being entirely taken up with military preparations, recruiting, providing corn and forage for the army, of which there is a great scarcity in the neighbouring dominions, almost amounting to, or at least threatening, a famine."*

It is reported letters are received from Warsaw, mentioning that the Rebel Kosinski had been privately killed in the Castle, by order of the Council, for the attempt on his Majesty's life. Two of the other Conspirators are taken.

The estimate that is generally made by the French of their national debt is 2,000 millions of livres, or 100 millions of pounds sterling. The debt of Great-Britain is above 140 millions. The debt of France, at the conclusion of the peace, was greater than ours.

Copy of a paper picked up a few days ago at the west end of the town.

Jan. 2. *On Friday Mr. Mariner, Bookseller in Covent-Garden, was released from imprisonment in the King's Bench, where he has been confined about ten months, for selling "The Whisperer." He petitioned for a release, and it was granted within two months of the expiration of his imprisonment.*

Orders were sent yesterday from the Admiralty to Plymouth, for the Blenheim man of war of 90 guns, and the Alcide of 64, to be got in readiness with all possible Dispatch.

Notice has been likewise given from the same Office to the Commissioners and Storekeepers in his Majesty's dock-yards, to make a strict inspection into the state of the different stores under their cares, and to return an account the beginning of next month.

Orders will shortly be issued from the War-Office to the keepers of the different magazines in this kingdom, to make a thorough enquiry into the state of the warlike stores, and to send an account with all dispatch.

Several recruiting parties from the Marines have been lately sent over to Ireland, in order to raise a considerable number of men in that kingdom, the said corps being ordered to be augmented.

Jan. 3. A kind of party has been lately formed by several distinguished Noblemen out of Administration: They meet at the house of one of the most distinguished officers of state; are countenanced by a Great Personage; and it is thought they will all be in place very soon.

Jan. 4. Some people think that the Father of the City's house being plundered by a nest of thieves, may turn out a public benefit, as more notice will be taken of one robbery among the great, than of an hundred among the inferior sort.

Jan. 6. Yesterday as a Great Personage was going to St. James's, he had a paper put into his hand, by a well dressed man, on which was wrote the following text of Scripture: *First go and be reconciled to thy Brother, and then come and offer thy gift.*

On Saturday last two vessels, of 300 tons each, were taken up at Deptford, on Government contract, to carry stores and provisions to Falkland's Island.

Jan. 8. On Monday arrived at the house of Baron Nolcken, the Swedish Ambassador, in Percy-street, an answer to the objectionable articles in the treaty of commerce between the English and Russians, he immediately waited on Lord Rochford with it; when it appeared that every difficulty was removed, and the treaty will soon be ratified.

A letter from Dublin informs us, that Col. Lutrell, the *Locum Tenens* for Middlesex, who is now in that city, is become a most flaming patriot. He speaks slightingly of the Ministry in all companies, and pledges himself that he will, immediately on his return to London, vacate his seat in Parliament, as the only means in his power of atoning for the injuries done to Mr. Wilkes, and the people of England in general.

Bets are laid of three to two, and six to four, that a remarkable Phænomenon will appear in the political hemisphere before six months are at an end, viz. that Col. Lutrell will be Chairman of the Bill of Rights, and also at the head of the opposition in the House of Commons.

Jan. 10. Dr. Solander and Mr. Bankes have a particular commission, strictly enjoining them to make all the discoveries in their power on the coasts of New Holland and Zealand, and to the north-east of Cape Horn.

Jan. 15. Lord North has appointed Mr. Macleane, late Under-Secretary of State, and Member for Arundel, to the Collectorship of Philadelphia, void by the Death of Grosvenor Bedford, Esq;

We hear that the celebrated Dr. Dodd, whose pretensions to a mitre, have been so long overlooked in this degenerate age, in point of taste as well as politics, is likely to be obliged at last to cross the Atlantic, for the reward of his labours; this learned and able Divine being the first, and, we hear, the only person under contemplation at present for the new See of America.

It was resolved a few days since, that five sail of men of war should be fitted out immediately, at Portsmouth and Plymouth, and ordered to cruize six months in the Mediterranean.

Deal, Jan. 7. Put back, The Liberty, Raison, for Virginia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.

Extract of a Letter from London, January 1, 1772.

"The Opposition of the Irish Parliament, of which you will see so much in the Papers, will come to nothing; and here every Thing is profoundly quiet. Our Parliament meets the 21st, and every Thing seems to indicate that the Session will be peaceable and short. The Duke of Cumberland will not, it seems, be received at Court. The Duke of Glocester is quite restored; and the Princess Dowager is not in immediate Danger."

A Perſon who came Paſſenger with Captain Chryſtie, and left London the 18th of January, informs, that it was thought the Captains Sparks and Young would ſail for this Place about the 10th of February.

Captain Jones, from Dunkirk, on the 26th of February, in Lat. 21: 59, Long. 51: 17, ſpoke the Brig Betſy, Captain Duncan, from Rhode-Iſland for Barbados, out 20 Days, all well; 29th in Lat. 22: 41, Long. 55: 30, ſpoke a Ship, from Baltimore for the Grenades, 18 Days out; on the 7th ult. in Lat. 27: 19, Long. 64: 44, ſpoke a Schooner, from Charles-Town for Barbados, out 7 Days; the next Day ſpoke the Sloop Penſacola Packet, Captain Alford, from New-York for Penſacola, out 12 Days, all well; and on the 9th in Lat. 30, Long. 66: 50, he ſpoke a Sloop, from St. Euſtatia for Caſco-Bay, 9 Days out.

With Captain Jones came Paſſenger Captain Drew, late of the Ship Thomas and Robert, of this Port, who informs, that about the Middle of December, as he was lying to in a hard Gale of Wind, and very thick rainy Weather, in the North Sea, he fell on board a Brig, which carried away one of his Anchors from the Bow, and did him other conſiderable Damage, and the Brig's Maſts were both carried away directly afterwards; that meeting with continual hard Gales of Wind from the Weſtward, he was obliged to bear away for Dunkirk, and when the Wind abated he got a Pilot on board, but was driven by the Swell on the Bar at the Entrance of that Harbour, where his Veſſel was bilged. He alſo informs, that many Veſſels, and a great Number of Lives, were loſt on the Coaſt of Flanders, during the Winter.

Captain Caſſen, from Liſbon, on the 5th of March, in Lat. 29: 20, Long. 68: 27, ſpoke a Schooner from South-Carolina for Barbados, 9 Days out; and on the 10th, in Lat. 31: 40, Long. 71: 18, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Gibſon, from Antigua for Virginia, out 19 Days, all well.

Captain Vickary, from Montſerrat, on the 13th of laſt Month, in Lat. 31: 36, Long. 69: 58, ſpoke a Ship, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 7 Weeks

Captain Cannon, from North-Carolina, on the 8th ult. about 90 Leagues from Cape-Henlopen, ſpoke the Brig Molly, Captain Mullet, from this Port for St. Chriſtophers, out two Days; on the 19th, off Chincoteague, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Caſey, from Virginia for New-York; and on the 23d, 40 Leagues S. E. from our Capes, he ſpoke the Brig Elizabeth, Capt. Davidſon, bound to Jamaica from this Harbour, out 24 Hours, from whom he got ſome Proviſions and Water, being then in Want of the ſame.

The Ship Otter, Captain Catton; and the Ship London Packet, Captain Cook, are arrived at Liſbon, from this Port. Captain Harhorn is arrived at Briſtol; and Captain Towers at Cork; both likewiſe from this Place.

Extract of a Letter from Trenton, March 24, 1772.

"This Day came on the Election for the County of Hunterdon, when, without Oppoſition, was choſen our old worthy Member, SAMUEL TUCKER, Eſq; and JOHN MEHELM, Eſq; Repreſentatives for ſaid County."

GRANT GIBBON, and BENJAMIN HOLMES, Eſquires, are elected Repreſentatives for Salem County. And JOHN SHEPHERD, and THEOPHILUS ELLMOR, Eſquires, for Cumberland County.

On the 21ſt of March was killed in this City, by Mr. Anthony Noble, Butcher, a Bullock, raiſed in Eaſt-Jerſey, and grazed by Mr. Philip Price, of Kingſeſs, in this County, that weighed 1644 Pounds, Tallow 196, Hide 126, and Feet 30 Pounds.

Laſt Night Captain SMITH arrived here from St. Chriſtophers, by whom we have theſe further Advices, viz.

LONDON, January 17.

IT is beyond a doubt that the Secretaries of State have received information that the Spaniards are ſo far from being inclined to pacific meaſures, that they are uſing their utmoſt diligence to prepare for war; and it is a matter of fact, that they have at this inſtant 50 ſail of the line ready for ſea, and above 30,000 land forces ſtationed in ſuch a manner along the ſea coaſts, as to be able to embark on a very ſhort notice. It is added, that there are 30 men of war in Breſt harbour, ready for ſea, ſuppoſed to be intended to join the Spaniſh fleet.

Thoſe who pretend to know ſomething of the preſent political ſyſtem in Europe, ſay, that it is more than probable we ſhall have no war this year; for that France is not yet ready to declare; but that next year, unleſs we prevent it by an immediate war, we ſhall have hoſtilities commenced againſt us in every part of the Britiſh dominions.

Lord Chatham is determined to reſide in town during the enſuing ſeſſion of Parliament, that he may be always ready to attend his duty in the Houſe of Peers.

It is ſaid that a popular Lord has been ſo very aſſiduous during the receſs as to have procured an authentic account of the plan of operations concerted between the Courts of Paris, Madrid and Naples, againſt the Crown of Great-Britain. His Lordſhip means to avail himſelf of his information, if we ſhould be told from the Throne that all is pacific. *It is remarkable his Lordſhip was the firſt man in Europe, who had an authentic copy of the Family Compact.*

Lord Chatham and Lord North have had ſeveral private meetings lately, at the houſe of the former; from whence it is imagined his Lordſhip intends to accept of a place in the adminiſtration.

Jan. 18. *Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham was near two hours with his Majeſty in private, at the Queen's palace.*

WESTMINSTER, January 22.

YEſterday his Majeſty went, in the uſual ſtate, to the Houſe of Peers, when, being ſeated on the Throne, in his Royal Robes, Sir Francis Mollyneux, Knt. Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a meſſage to the Commons, commanding their attendance immediately; who attending accordingly, his Majeſty was pleaſed to open the Seſſion with the following moſt gracious Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"It gives me much ſatisfaction, that nothing in the ſituation of our affairs, either Foreign or Domeſtic, has obliged me to require your attendance earlier than might have been conſiſtent with your private Convenience; and that, now you are met together, you will find yourſelves at liberty to give your whole attention to the eſtabliſhment of wiſe and uſeful Regulations of Law, and to the extenſion of our commercial advantages.

The performance of the engagement of the King of Spain, in the reſtitution of Port Egmont and Falkland's Iſland, and the repeated aſſurances I have received of the pacific diſpoſition of that Court, as of other powers, promiſe to my Subjects the continuance of peace; and we may, with the greater confidence, hope, that we ſhall not be diſturbed in the enjoyment of this bleſſing, as there is no reaſon to apprehend that we ſhall become involved in the troubles, which ſtill unhappily prevail in one part of Europe.

The danger of the farther ſpreading of the infectious ſickneſs in Europe is, I truſt, very much abated; but I muſt recommend it to you, not to ſuffer our happineſs in having been hitherto preſerved from ſo dreadful a calamity, to leſſen your vigilance in the uſe of every reaſonable precaution for our ſafety.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I have ordered the eſtimates for the ſervice of the current year to be laid before you. I make no doubt but you will ſee the propriety of maintaining a reſpectable eſtabliſhment of my Naval Forces. I am pleaſed, however, to find, that I ſhall be under no neceſſity of aſking of you, at this time, an extraordinary Aid.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The concerns of this country are ſo various and extenſive, as to require the moſt vigilant and active attention; and ſome of them, as well from remoteneſs of place, as from other circumſtances, are ſo peculiarly liable to abuſes, and expoſed to danger, that the interpoſition of the Legiſlature, for their protection, may become neceſſary. If in any ſuch inſtances, either for ſupplying defects, or remedying abuſes, you may find it requiſite to provide any new laws, you may depend upon my ready concurrence, in whatever may beſt contribute to the attainment of thoſe ſalutary ends."

†‡† The Piece ſigned *C. D.* and the Liſt of Prizes in the Second Claſs of the St. James's Church Lottery, are received, and will be publiſhed with all convenient Speed,

*** The MEMBERS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are requeſted to attend a Meeting, in their *Hall*, To-morrow Evening, at 6 o'Clock.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 19s. 6d. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 17s. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Beef 2l. 15s. Pork 4l. 7s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 3d. New-England Ditto 2s. 1d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 1d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 56s. Melaſſes 19d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 21s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 14d. Bar Iron 26l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Sukey, J. Barzey, and Sloop Nancy, W. Cannon, from N. Carolina. Sloop Nelly, W. Ruſſell, Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, Maryland. Schooner Betſy, N. Davis, Boſton. Sloop Polly, W. Furnell, Piſcataqua. Sloop Hunter, S. Prudden, New-Providence. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, New-York. Brig Recovery, W. Steel, Virginia. Brig St. James, C. Ferguſon, Jamaica. Ship Rebecca and Suſanna, R. Caſſon, Liſbon. Ship Priſcilla, J. Jones, Dunkirk. Brig Henry, J. Vickary, Montſerrat. Brig Calypſo, J. Caton, Hiſpaniola. Schooner Suſanna, O. Butler, from North-Carolina.

OUTWARDS. *Sloop Charming Sally, T. Derwich, for Virginia. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Boſton. Snow Dickinſon, J. Johnſton, Bilboa. Ship Rebecca and Suſanna, R. Caſſon, Liſbon. Schooner Sukey, J. Barzey, N. Carolina. Ship Priſcilla, J. Jones, Cadiz.*

CLEARED. *Ship London, P. Stimpſon, and Brig Thomas, T. Bernard, to Jamaica. Brig Bedford, T. Bunker, Nantucket. Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon, and Schooner Little Polly, S. Dalting, Dominica. Schooner Royal George, J. Leckhart, Penſacola. Schooner Maſſachuſetts, N. Cooke, Halifax. Brig Conſtant Friends, P. Flynn, Liſbon. Sloop Molly, R. Dilber, Salem, N. E. Sloop, Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boſton. Sloop Mulberry, J. Warden, to Maryland.*

PROPOSALS for printing by SUBSCRIPTION, the following Pamphlets, by UZAL OGDEN, junior, a candidate for Holy Orders, viz.

THE CHRISTIAN's MIRROR.

Examine yourſelves, whether ye be in the faith. Apoſtle Paul.

A LETTER to a MASTER of a FAMILY; wherein the duty, reaſonableneſs and advantage of FAMILY WORSHIP are conſidered. Now humbly ſubmitted to the peruſal, and ſerious conſideration, of heads of prayerleſs chriſtian families of every denomination, particularly thoſe reſiding in Suſſex county, New-Jerſey. To which are annexed, FAMILY PRAYERS.

The THEOLOGICAL PRECEPTOR; or YOUTH's RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTOR. Containing a ſummary of the principles, riſe, and progreſs of Religion, from the creation of the world to the conſummation thereof;---together with moral reflections, &c. and a ſketch of the arguments in favour of Chriſtianity. In a ſeries of dialogues. Dedicated to chriſtian parents, of every denomination, in the Britiſh American dominions. To which is prefixed, an ADDRESS to the YOUTH of AMERICA.

Add to your faith virtue, and to virtue knowledge. St. Peter.
Remember your creator in the days of your youth. Solomon.
We have not followed cunningly deviſed fables. St. Peter.

CONDITIONS.

I. The Pamphlets to be printed with a handſome type, on good paper.

II. Each Subſcriber to pay Three Shillings and Six-pence, New-York currency, upon delivery of the pamphlets.

New-Town, Suſſex County, New-Jerſey, Feb. 14, 1772.

RECOMMENDATION.

Upon examining the ſeveral Tracts above-mentioned, we think them well calculated to promote the general and important intereſts of Virtue and true Religion.

THOMAS B. CHANDLER, D. D. Rector of St. John's Church, in Elizabeth-Town, New-Jerſey.
SAMUEL AUCHMUTY, D. D. Rector of Trinity Church, in the City of New-York.
JOHN OGILVIE, D. D. Aſſiſtant Miniſter in Trinity Church, in New-York.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, in the province of Pennſylvania, by Mr. Charles Beſſonet, at Briſtol; Mr. Alexander Anderſon, at Benſalem; and Meſſieurs Bradfords, and Hall and Sellers, at Philadelphia. In the province of New-Jerſey, by Mr. Iſaac Collins, printer, at Burlington; Mr. Abraham Hunt, merchant, at Trenton; Mr. Jacob Hyer, at Prince-Town; John Dennis, Eſq; at New-Brunſwick; Mr. David Frazer, merchant, at Lebanon; Jonathan Hampton, Eſq; at Elizabeth-Town; Mr. Iſaac Longworth, merchant, at Newark; Mr. Richard Ludlow, merchant, at Ackquacknung; Captain James Board, at Ringwood; Mr. Samuel Hains, at Morris-Town; Mr. Auguſtine Reid, at Roxbury; Hugh Hughs, Eſq; or Mr. Edward Dunlop, merchant, at Hacket's-Town; Mr. Robert Alliſon, at Knowl-Town; Mr. Joſeph Wallens, merchant, at Hadeyſton; Nathaniel Pettit, Eſq; or Mr. John Allen, merchant, at New-Town; and Mr. Evert Banker, junior, merchant, or Mr. Hugh Gaine, printer, at New-York.

JUST PUBLISHED, by HENRY MILLER, *in Race-ſtreet* [*Price Nine Shillings*]

A Complete GERMAN GRAMMAR, in two Parts. The Firſt Part containing the Theory of the Language, through all the Parts of Speech; the Second Part is the Practice, in as ample a Manner as can be deſired. The Third Edition, greatly altered and improved.

By JOHN JAMES BACHMAIR, M. A.

To which is added AN APPENDIX, containing I. An Index of German Words ſimilar in Sound, but of different Orthography and Signification. II. Names of the moſt common Occupations and Trades, as alſo the Names of the Materials and Implements, &c. thereto belonging. III. Explication of a German Proverb.

In the Preface to the firſt Edition of this Grammar the Author ſays: "Thoſe that have a Mind to learn fundamentally "the *German Language*, will find ſuch plain and eaſy Inſtruc-"tions, that even without a Maſter, they may at leaſt attain "to read and underſtand it."

N. B. The APPENDIX is not in the *London Edition*.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Maſters of Ships, their Widows and Children*, are deſired to attend their General Meeting, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Monday next, being the Sixth Day of April, at the Sixth Hour.

Cheſter-Town, March 26, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

SIX Thouſand Buſhels of choice White WHEAT, now in our Store, in excellent Order for ſhipping, and it is thought by a Miller, who has ſeen it, to be fit for ſuperfine Flour. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe it, will pleaſe to apply to THOMAS RINGGOLD and SON.

Philadelphia, March 28, 1772.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of MICHAEL GROSS, late of Lancaſter, deceaſed, are deſired to take notice, that attendance will be given in York-Town, from the 28th to the 30th of April; at Lancaſter, from the 5th to the 7th of May. Thoſe who neglect to call, may depend on being ſued, without reſpect to perſons.

HENRY KEPPELE, junior, Executor.

To be SOLD, or RENTED,

A CONVENIENT well finiſhed 3 ſtory brick houſe, kitchen and ſtables, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of High-ſtreet, in York-Town; alſo a commodious frame houſe, adjoining the ſame. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to HENRY KEPPELE, junior, who will make the payment very eaſy. 5 w.

SUCH perſons as are legally entitled to an allowance for having kept their pumps in repair, are deſired to apply to the WARDENS of the CITY, at the Court-houſe, on Wedneſday evening, the 8th inſtant, with their accounts; and produce certificates, ſigned by at leaſt two of the neighbouring freeholders, that their pumps have been kept in good order during the time for which they deſire payment.

This EVENING, at Seven o' Clock, at the London Coffee-Houſe, will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Front-ſtreet, three Doors below the London Coffee-houſe, now in the Tenure of William Smith, Broker; together with a Lot adjoining the ſame on the Back, and fronting on Lætitia-Court, with a three Story Brick Houſe erected thereon. The Houſe, in Front-ſtreet, is 17 Feet 9 Inches in Breadth, and the Lot continues the Width 100 Feet deep; the Lot, on Lætitia-Court, is 13 Feet Front, and 80 Feet deep to the before-mentioned Lot. There is a Pump in the Yard, which may be appropriated to the Uſe of both Houſes.

The ſame Evening will be ſold, a Lot of Ground, ſituated on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, between Ninth and Tenth-ſtreets, oppoſite the Muſtard Works of William Norton, containing 132 Feet Front on Market-ſtreet, and extending 306 Feet back. Any perſon, deſirous of viewing the above Premiſes, may apply to WILLIAM BRADFORD, at the London Coffee-houſe.

By Order of the Orphan's Court, will abſolutely be ſold, to the higheſt bidder, on Saturday, the 11th of April next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

THAT valuable plantation, on which Samſon Davis lately dwelt, ſituate in Tredyffrin townſhip, Cheſter county, adjoining lands of the Rev. William Curry, Samuel Havard, John Havard, and others, containing 200 acres of choice limeſtone land, about one half cleared, the remainder well timbered, and about 20 acres of meadow can be made, and watered with the Valley Creek, which runs through the plantation; there are on the premiſes a new ſtone dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, alſo a log dwelling houſe (not quite finiſhed) built over a ſpring of good water, and very convenient for a dairy, a log barn, ſtables, &c. The purchaſer, on paying one half the purchaſe-money down, may have a conſiderable time to pay the remainder, on giving ſecurity, if required. SARAH DAVIS, Adminiſtratrix, SAMUEL MILES, and RICHARD MILES, Adminiſtrators. *March* 26, 1772.

Philadelphia, March 30, 1772.

WHEREAS HUGH NEILL, of Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, has advertiſed for ſale, in the Pennſylvania Gazette, No. 2255, a plantation in Motherkill Hundred, Kent county, on Delaware, containing 500 acres, which we ſuppoſe to be part of a tract, known by the name of Arondel, granted by the Proprietary to Peter Bawcomb; we therefore caution all perſons, againſt purchaſing the ſaid tract, called Arondel, as we have a good title for the ſame, which we ſhall make appear in a ſhort time. ABRAHAM BICKLEY, STEPHEN SHEWELL, JOHN JARMAN, for ourſelves and others, heirs of Abraham Bickley, deceaſed. ¶

SHEE and DUNCAN

Have for SALE, at their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, a few doors above Walnut-ſtreet, and oppoſite Mr. Andrew Bunner's, on the loweſt terms, for caſh,

MADEIRA, Liſbon, and Teneriffe WINES, by the pipe, hogſhead, or quarter caſk; Weſt-India, New-England, and Philadelphia RUM; melaſſes, ſugars, tea, coffee, pepper, alſpice, nutmegs, cloves, cinnamon, ginger, cotton, indigo, and a few canniſters of the very beſt green tea, and ſome raiſins, by the caſk. 6 W.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 4th inſtant, at the ſhip-yard of the late JAMES PENROSE, deceaſed, in Southwark,

A QUANTITY of LOGS, PLANK, TIMBER, &c. The ſale to begin at two o' clock. 1 W.

To be RENTED,

And may be entered on immediately,

THE Lower Ferry, over Suſquehanna river, commonly called Harriſon's Ferry, with about 80 acres of land, conveniently divided, on which is a good new ſtone houſe, 40 feet by 36 feet, two ſtories high, 4 rooms on the firſt floor, 5 on the ſecond, a good garret, and cellar under the whole, a kitchen, well and ſtables, and every thing neceſſary and convenient is and will be made to accommodate travellers. A Ferry-boat and ſail, with hay and oats for horſes, are provided for preſent uſe, and may be had at a reaſonable price. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, near the ſaid Ferry.

4 W. SAMUEL THOMAS.

N. B. No perſon need apply, without a good recommendation.

Baltimore, March 25, 1772.

TEN POUNDS STERLING Reward.

ABSCONDED from his BAIL, on the 23d of this inſtant, at night, a certain JOHN WILKINS, aged 30 years, born in South-Carolina, a ſtrong well ſet man, ſtoops much in his ſhoulders, ſwarthy complexion, and a down look; he is a cabinet maker by trade, and took with him a plane; his apparel was a ſhort working jacket, light cloth breeches, grey ribbed ſtockings, country made ſhoes, and carved plated buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid *Wilkins*, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall, if taken in this county, receive THREE POUNDS; if taken out of this county, FIVE POUNDS; and if out of this province, the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by EDMOND CONNELLY.

N. B. It is hoped all well-diſpoſed people will endeavour to detect ſuch a fraudulent villain. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

New-Caſtle County, on Delaware, March 23, 1772.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from his bail, about the firſt of this inſtant, a certain PATRICK HART, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a coarſe complexion, well ſet, has red hair and beard, and appears to be about 30 years of age; had on, when he went away, a brown coat, red jacket, yarn ſtockings, and felt hat; is fond of ſtrong liquor, and is ſuppoſed will ſeek employment at ditching, as he has followed that buſineſs for ſeveral years paſt. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Hart, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, to be paid by me THOMAS TOBIN. ¶

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 11th of April, at the houſe of Daniel Thompſon, lying on the road leading to Newtown, one mile from the Borough of Briſtol, and half a mile from the mineral Bath,

THE plantation he now lives on, containing about 170 acres of good arable and meadow land, a conſiderable quantity of each well improved, with a good new dwelling-houſe, and a well of excellent water near the door, the wood-land is well timbered, and the ſituation high and pleaſant, and capable of great improvement; at the ſame time will be ſold ſundry houſhold goods, &c. &c. Should it not ſuit the purchaſer of the farm to move on it this ſpring, a tenant is ready to take it for one or two years, and will pay the intereſt of the purchaſe-money for the rents. The condition of the vendue will be made known on the day, and at the place of ſale, by

March 26, 1772. DANIEL THOMPSON. ¶

RUN away, the 24th of November laſt, an indented ſervant woman, named HANNAH FELIRS, about 25 years of age, a ſhort thick ſet body, with black hair, and a pearl on her left eye, ſuppoſed to ariſe from the ſmall-pox; had on, a new ſtriped lincey woolſey gown, a dark woollen cloak, her ſhoes very bad; and took with her one blue ſtuff gown, and one red ſtriped calicoe ditto, two new ſhifts, &c. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings her to the Three Crowns, in Saliſbury townſhip, on Lancaſter road, or ſecures her in any goal, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

‡ JOHN GROSCH.

To the PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, being settled at the FULLING MILL, on Great Timber Creek, in the county of Gloucester, called Blackwood's MILL, 8 miles from Haddonfield and Gloucester, and six from Woodbury; and, having all tools and conveniences for that purpose, carries on the FULLING BUSINESS, in all its branches, in as extensive a manner, and at as cheap rates, as at any mill in New-Jersey or Pennsylvania; all persons, who may please to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their cloth dressed in the neatest and best manner, and with the greatest expedition. Cloth for the mill is taken in by Joseph Garwood, Inn-keeper, in Haddonfield; Jehu Wood, Inn-keeper, in Woodbury; and Mary Comron, in the town of Berkeley; at which places attendance will be given once a week; the cloth taken to the mill, and returned there again, dressed according to directions, by

§ JOSEPH BLACKWOOD.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, the 13th of this instant April, on the premises,

A PLANTATION, containing about 120 acres of land, pleasantly situated on the river Delaware, in the Falls township, Bucks county, between Bordentown and Trenton Ferries, late the property of Amos Shaw, deceased, whereon there are a dwelling-house, barn and other out-houses, a good orchard, &c. The conditions to be made known on the day of sale, by CATHERINE SHAW, and GEORGE BROWN, Execut. §

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A BRICK HOUSE, 3 stories high, 2 rooms on each floor, with a brick kitchen, and sundry convenient back buildings, suitable for a cutler, brazier, copper-smith, or baker, there being the foundation of a large oven remaining, situate on the west side of Front-street, between Market and Arch-street, near Coomb's-alley. For terms, apply to ARTHUR DONALDSON, in Southwark. ¶

Philadelphia, April 2, 1772.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 18th of October, 1771, at night, from the subscriber, living at the Sign of the Bible-in-Heart, in Strawberry-alley, an indented servant woman, named ELEANOR ARMSTRONG, *about 5 feet 4 inches high, pretty lusty, brown complexion, large featured, dark sooty coloured hair, about 26 years of age, has a large mouth, and an excellent sett of teeth; she takes snuff immoderately at the right side of her nose, says she was born near the city of Armagh, in Ireland, and came to this city in the Newry Packet, Captain Robinson, in June last; had on, and took with her, when she went away, a long chints wrapper, of a yellow ground, with large red and brown sun-flowers the pattern, the sleeves pieced near the cuff, with red and brown spotted calicoe, and broke under the arms; and over said wrapper, a short gown, with some red and white stripes and sprigs through it, a good deal worn, and pieced under the arms with check linen, the colour much faded; a new camblet shirt, of a deep blue, and one old ditto, of a light blue colour, a good small-check apron, of a bad colour, a green Barcelona handkerchief, much faded, one large blue and white check ditto, marked in one corner E. E. a clean cap, with a black sattin ribbon, tied round her head, and brought under her chin, a blue cloth cloak, with a cap to it, tied at the neck with a narrow worsted tape; an old changeable silk bonnet, lined with blue silk, and tied with a white ribbon; 3 coarse shifts, one of which is a homespun, with a pair of fine sleeves, one ozenbrigs ditto, and one coarse tow ditto, with broken ruffles on the same; a pair of blue yarn stockings, a pair of coarse white ditto, a pair of mens shoes, half soaled, with one brass buckle, and one steel ditto, pierced in the tin; she wore on the middle finger of her right hand a brass ring, is much given to liquor, and when in liquor, is apt to laugh greatly, speaks with the Irish tone. As she takes delight in no other work than spinning, it is thought she has hired herself some where in the country for that purpose; and, as she hath been gone so long, it is probable she has changed her dress; she will be apt to alter her name to Fulton; she was seen in Burlington a few weeks ago, in company with another woman. All masters of vessels and others, are forbid to harbour or carry her off, as they may depend upon being proceeded against, as the law directs. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that her master may have her again, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by* WILLIAM EVITT. ‖7s6.

Reading, Berks county, March 19, 1772.

BY virtue of his Majesty's writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, the following tracts, lots, pieces, and parcels of land, viz.

A certain improvement, and tract, piece or parcel of land, situate in Brunswick township, over the Blue Mountains, containing 130 acres, or thereabouts (be the same more or less) late the estate of Charles Neundorff. The sale to be on the 25th day of April next, at the dwelling-house of the said Neundorff, in Maxatawny township, Berks county aforesaid.

One other tract, piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Greenwich, in the said county, adjoining the lands of Peter Smith, John Kune, and said Neundorff, containing 60 acres, or thereabouts (be the same more or less) late the estate of Simon Eisenberger. The sale to be on the said 25th day of April next, at the said Neundorff's.

One other improvement, and tract of land, situate in Bucknock township, adjoining the lands of Peter Baltick, Michael Laub, and others, containing 130 acres, or thereabouts (be the same more or less) late the estate of Henry Seidenbender. The sale to be on the 28th of April next, on the premises.

And also three certain lots of ground, situate, lying and being in Middle-Town, Heidelberg township, and county aforesaid, marked in the plan thereof No. 7, No. 27, and No. 49, adjoining the lands of John Brown, Rudolph Manback, Leonard Reed, and others; late the estate of Myer Josephson. The sale to be the 30th of April next, at Jacob Seltzer's tavern, in said town. All which said premises were seized and taken in execution by GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff. ‖7s6.

Windsor, March 24, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing about 420 acres of good land, situated in the township of Windsor, in the county of Middlesex, and province of New-Jersey, adjoining to Stony Brook, at a place known by the name of Penn's Neck, and within two short miles of Prince-Town, in view of the College, about half a mile from an excellent grist-mill and fulling-mill, both which places are a ready market for all sorts of grain and produce, being an exceeding healthy part of the country; on the said plantation are a good new 2 story stone dwelling-house, 33 feet square, with a good dry cellar under the whole, a frame kitchen, and a well of excellent water near the door, a paled garden, a very large Dutch barn and stables 40 by 58 feet, a choice waggon-house, with a good hay-loft, and two cribs under the same roof, that will contain near 1000 bushels of corn, a fine thriving orchard near the same, also cherry and peach trees, a considerable quantity of low land and meadow, about 220 acres of plow-land cleared, and well improved, with good fencing, chiefly a fertile soil, exceeding good for wheat, Indian corn and rye; near the farm is a famous unimproved white-oak timber swamp, containing 60 acres. Any person inclining to purchase, is desired to view the premises; a clear and indisputable title will be given; and for terms (which will be reasonable) apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. CORNELIUS COVENHOVEN, ‡

IT being proposed to build a Bridge, over the West Branch of Brandywine, on the provincial road leading from Lancaster to Philadelphia, as the same was heretofore advertised, but the inclemency of the weather rendering it impracticable for the persons concerned to attend: Therefore, any person or persons that may incline to undertake the same, are requested to meet at the house of CALEB WAY, in West-Caln, on the 18th day of April next, at 10 o' clock A. M. at which time and place the Commissioners, and others concerned in setting the same, will give their attendance. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of ground, within the limits of the city, just beyond the improved part of it, being one half of a city square; it contains 498 feet on the seventh street from Schuylkill, that being the east bounds of it; it likewise fronts on Spruce and Pine-streets, 183 feet, therefore must soon become a most valuable possession, as the city improves that way. It is now enclosed with a good fence, and from its particular situation (being so near to the inhabited parts of the city on the one hand, and on the other hand, so contiguous to the pleasant *river Schuylkill)* may be an excellent retreat for a man of business; there is a good two story dwelling-house on it, with 3 rooms on each floor, also a thriving orchard, of about 50 young apple trees, a stable, chaise-house, a draw well, of most excellent water, a good oven, and many other conveniencies. For further information, apply to Mr. GEORGE MORGAN, in Arch-street, or to the subscriber, on the premises.

Philadelphia, March 27, 1772. EVAN MORGAN. ‖8w.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A CERTAIN two story stone house, and lot, containing one quarter of an acre, or thereabouts, with a good kitchen, and other convenient out-houses, suitable to carry on any public business, lying in Germantown, next door to the Friends Meeting-house, and near the Market-house. Any person inclining to purchase or rent the above premises, may know the terms, by applying to JOHN JONES, Tanner, in Germantown; BENJAMIN DAVIS, in Philadelphia, at the Sign of the George; or ABRAHAM GRIFFITH, in Middletown, Bucks county.

N. B. The above *Griffith* has a quantity of good hay to sell, at Joseph Morris's mill, lying in Upper Dublin; any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to Jonathan Taylor, living near the above place. 5‖Tbctf.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 6th day of this instant April, at two o' clock in the afternoon,

FORTY acres of LAND, 7 acres of which are good meadow, and more may be made, and the remainder is fine timber land; there is on said premises, a dwelling-house, an orchard, and a well of good water near the door; situate within 3 miles of Bristol, and in said township and county of Bucks, joining the great road which leads from Bristol to Newtown. The title indisputable. Attendance will be given, by ADAM WEAVER.

N. B. If the place is not sold at the time of sale, it will be lett at said time; there is a smith's shop, near said premises, which may be agreed for on reasonable terms. §1tw.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

NINE LOTS of GROUND, in the town of Lebanon, in the county of Lancaster, all enclosed in one fence, two or three of the said lots are meadow ground, joining to Quitapahela, lying near the main road, leading from Manheim to Jones's Town; on the said lots are a good log-house, barn and stable, also 8 acres and 20 rods of an out-lot, 6 whereof are clear, the other 2 acres and 20 rods are well timbered; also a large brick house, kitchen, and a stable 40 feet long, with a lot of ground, in Musser's Town, joining Lancaster; the said house is very suitable and convenient for a tavern, and has been occupied as such several years. Those who incline to purchase, may apply to Mr. Christopher Wakeman, in Lebanon, or to the owner, living in Lancaster. If the above are not sold, they will be rented, and may be entered upon the middle of April.

March 20, 1772. GEORGE EBERLY. ¶

Lancaster County, March 17, 1772.

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, purchased a tract of one Alexander Steen, containing 230 acres, with the allowance, in the month of November, 1769, for payment of which I gave the said Steen seven bonds; one for Ten Pounds, payable on the first day of May, 1772; one for Twelve Pounds, payable on the first day of May, 1773; four others for Ten Pounds each; and one for Twelve Pounds, payable on the first day of May yearly; and finding the said Alexander Steen is not willing to deliver the quantity of land that he sold me, I forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on any of the said bonds, for I will not pay them till he fulfils his agreement. ¶ JOSIAH ROATTEN.

To COVER this SEASON,

THE famous English Dray HORSE, 7 years old this season, a jet black, mounts 17 hands high, measures 16 inches round the knee joint, and is well proportioned otherwise; he is judged the broadest in the province. The said horse is much admired for his courage, shape, marks and beauty, and likewise for his strength and trueness in drawing, as, perhaps, there are few or none in the province able to exceed him; he is remarkably sure in getting colts, many of which seem likely to be nearly or quite as large as himself; the said horse was foaled in Lincolnshire, in Old England, was imported by Colonel FRANCIS, and is now kept by the subscriber, in Pennsbury township, formerly called Kennet, in Chester county, between Kennet Meeting-house and the Forks of Brandywine creek, near Benjamin Taylor's mill, where he is to cover, at Twenty-five Shillings per mare the season.

Likewise to cover, at the same place, two compleat country horses, one a bright bay, 4 years old, well marked, trots gallant, draws well; the other is a compleat chestnut sorrel, carries lofty, and paces tolerable swift; to cover at Ten Shillings per mare the season. Any person that pleases to send their mares, may depend upon good care being taken of them, by me

¶6*W.* ISAAC TAYLOR.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscribers, living in Fredericksburg, Virginia, on Friday, the 15th of November last, the two following convict servants, both Yorkshire men (which may be easily discovered by their dialect) viz, THOMAS HENRY ENMAN, alias EAMAN, a schoolmaster, has lost one of his eyes, which has a mark all round it, had pretty long light hair, when he went away, but may probably cut it off; had on, a light coloured cloth coat, red jacket, with a striped lappelled one under it, and black breeches. WILLIAM MOOR, a farmer, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well set, and full faced, with black curled hair; had on, when he went away, a light coloured Newmarket coat, blue cloth jacket, and buckskin breeches, a blue bonnet, bound round with blue ribband, which lies in a rose knot behind. Whoever takes up and secures the said servants, so as we get them again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by

‖3*M.* HESLOP and BLAIR.

N. B. We suspect they are gone towards Philadelphia.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WALTER CROCKET, late of the township of the Northern Liberties, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment; and those that have any demands against the said estate, to bring in their accounts, that they may be paid, by

March 28. 1772. ‖ ANDREW CROCKET, Executor.

DOCTOR GEORGE WEED,

IS removed from Front-street into Market-street, the fourth door above Front-street, over against the Coffee-house, where he continues the practice of Physic and Surgery, and hath to sell a neat assortment of medicines, among which are; the Royal Balsam Syrup, against the bloody flux; Syrup of Balsam, against coughs and colds; Bitter Tincture, for the head and stomach; Ointment to cure burns and scalds; Ointment and Powder to cure the piles; Ointment to cure inflamed eyes. Printed directions will be given with each of them, with their particular virtues. He can with pleasure acquaint the public, that the success of these medicines hath been so great, that there is a continual sale of them. He also sells the *genuine* Patent Medicines.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estates of JOSEPH MILES, and PHEBE MILES, of Radnor, in Chester County, and SUSANNA MILES, of Lower Merion (deceased) or either of them, on Bond, Note, or Book-Debt, or for Goods bought at either of their Vendues, or otherwise, are desired to make speedy Payment to the Subscriber, otherwise they may expect to be sued, without further Notice. Also those Persons having any Demands against either of said Estates, are desired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, in order for Settlement, to JOHN ROBERTS, Miller, Executor and Administrator to Phebe Miles, and Susanna Miles. ¶

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of HENRY DAVIS, that pursuant to the Act of Assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, he has presented a petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions for the county of Gloucester, and which has been signed by two thirds of his creditors in value, and the Court has appointed the 25th day of April next, for the creditors to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of the said Henry Davis's estate should not be made, and his body discharged from confinement. HENRY DAVIS. §

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 4th of April next, at 12 o' clock at noon, at the house of the Widow Dotterer, in Limerick township, one equal and undivided moiety or half part of and in a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in Limerick township aforesaid, the whole containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of William Brooks, George Brooks, Barnabas Coulston, and others; having a two story stone messuage or tenement, barn, stables, and other out-houses erected thereon; late the estate of Henry Seidler, deceased, seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

At the same time also, in pursuance of an order of Orphan's Court, will be exposed to sale, at the house of the said Widow Dotterer,

THE other equal and undivided moiety, or half part, of and in the aforesaid plantation and tract of land. Also one other tract or piece of land, with a messuage thereon, situate in Limerick township aforesaid, contiguous to the above described tract, containing 240 acres, or thereabouts; late the estate of Philip Dotterer, deceased.

Attendance will be given, at the time and place of sale, by ELIZABETH DOTTERER, and FREDERICK ANTIS, Administrat.

To be DISPOSED of,

THE Time of an English Servant Lad, who has about two Years to serve, is a very good Position, and can drive on the Box. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

Philadelphia, March 26, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of the PHILADELPHIA CONTRIBUTIONSHIP, *for ensuring Houses from Loss by Fire*, are hereby notified, that their Annual Election for the Choice of Twelve Directors, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year, will be held at the Court-House, on Monday, the 13th of April next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

MATTHEW CLARKSON, Clerk.

TO BE LETT,

PART of a PLANTATION, containing about 15 acres of land, with a good brick and stone dwelling-house, spring-house, &c. situate on the bank of Schuylkill, about three miles from the city. Enquire of

§ SAMUEL RHOADS.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, in the township of Abington, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, containing 135 acres, about 100 of which are cleared, including 14 acres of good meadow, the rest is wooodland; the plow-land is divided into six fields, with the benefit of water in all of them, except one. On the said plantation there is a good dwelling-house, spring-house, barn, granary, cow-house, and stables, chair and cart-house, with a loft over it convenient for storing Indian corn, and all in good repair; there are two orchards, one of which is young, planted with cherry, pear and apple trees, most of which are grafted with very good fruit, and in its prime. There is also a large kitchen garden, well inclosed with pales, besides a genteel flower garden, and a well of water near the kitchen. The situation is very healthy; it is convenient either for a farmer or gentleman's country seat. The title is indisputable. Whoever inclines to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises, and be informed of the terms. THOMAS BOURNE. ¶

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On SATURDAY, the Twenty-fifth of April next, at the Coffee-house, at six o' clock in the evening,

A LOT of LAND, in the Northern Liberties, known by the name of the Bleach-yard, about one mile and a half from the Market-house; there is on said lot, a small genteel brick house, also a house suitable for a tenant, with a stable and other buildings, a considerable number of fruit trees, a constant stream of water running through the middle of the lot. Said lot may be very conveniently divided into two parts, as it fronts on two roads. The purchaser may have time for payment, if required, giving security, and paying interest regularly. *March 24, 1772.* ISAAC ALLEN. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

the second day of April next, at 4 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

A COMMODIOUS new two story framed house, in the district of Southwark, and now in tenure of Daniel Deshman, opposite Mr. William Drewry's Rope-walk; the house is 17 feet by 25, has 12 sash windows all glaized, 18 lights in each sash; and likewise a shuffle-board house, with the board and pieces all new, 34 feet long by 11 wide. They are all to be moved off by the 15th of April next. For further particulars, enquire of JAMES BLACK. ¶

THE Members of the BLOCKLEY and MERION UNITED LIBRARY COMPANY, are desired to attend at their Library Room, the Sixth Day of April, between the Hours of Three and Six in the Afternoon, to choose Six Directors, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year, and to make their annual Payment. *By Order of the Directors,*

March 27, 1772. § ISAAC WARNER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.